

What is claimed is:

- 1 1. A method for identifying a search model to use in molecular
2 replacement for determining a structure of a target biomolecule from crystal
3 data, the method comprising:
4 employing computer executable logic to perform multiple molecular
5 replacement searches on crystal data of the target biomolecule where a group
6 of different biomolecule structures are used as search models for the multiple
7 molecular replacement searches; and
8 employing computer executable logic to compare solutions from the
9 multiple molecular replacement searches, the comparison producing data from
10 which biomolecule structures in the group can be identified as having superior
11 structural identity with the target biomolecule as compared to the other
12 biomolecule structures in the group.
- 1 2. A method according to claim 1 wherein comparing molecular
2 replacement solutions comprises comparing figures of merit calculated for the
3 molecular replacement solutions.
- 1 3. A method according to claim 1 wherein comparing molecular
2 replacement solutions comprises performing a statistical analysis on figures of
3 merit calculated for the molecular replacement solutions.
- 1 4. A method according to claim 1 wherein comparing molecular
2 replacement solutions comprises determining which of the biomolecule
3 structures in the group produced a molecular replacement solution
4 whose figure of merit is at least two standard deviations better than the
5 average figure of merit for molecular replacement solutions for the
6 biomolecule structures in the group.

1 5. A method according to claim 1 wherein comparing molecular
2 replacement solutions comprises determining which of the biomolecule
3 structures in the group produced a molecular replacement solution
4 whose figure of merit is at least three standard deviations better than
5 the average figure of merit for molecular replacement solutions for the
6 biomolecule structures in the group.

1 6. A method according to claim 1 wherein comparing molecular
2 replacement solutions comprises determining which of the biomolecule
3 structures in the group produced a molecular replacement solution
4 whose figure of merit is at least five standard deviations better than the
5 average figure of merit for molecular replacement solutions for the
6 biomolecule structures in the group.

1 7. A method according to claim 1 wherein comparing molecular
2 replacement solutions comprises determining which of the biomolecule
3 structures in the group produced a molecular replacement solution
4 whose figure of merit is at least ten standard deviations better than the
5 average figure of merit for molecular replacement solutions for the
6 biomolecule structures in the group.

1 8. A method according to claim 1 wherein comparing molecular
2 replacement solutions comprises comparing root mean square errors for each
3 molecular replacement solution of a probability-weighted average over all
4 possible phase choices.

1 9. A method according to claim 1 wherein comparing molecular
2 replacement solutions comprises establishing a background correlation
3 level between the biomolecule structures in the group and the target
4 biomolecule based on the molecular replacement solutions and

5 determining which of the biomolecule structures in the group produced
6 a molecular replacement solution that exceeds the background
7 correlation level by at least two standard deviations.

1 10. A method according to claim 1 wherein comparing molecular
2 replacement solutions comprises establishing a background correlation
3 level between the biomolecule structures in the group and the target
4 biomolecule based on the molecular replacement solutions and
5 determining which of the biomolecule structures in the group produced
6 a molecular replacement solution that exceeds the background
7 correlation level by at least three standard deviations.

1 11. A method according to claim 1 wherein comparing molecular
2 replacement solutions comprises establishing a background correlation
3 level between the biomolecule structures in the group and the target
4 biomolecule based on the molecular replacement solutions and
5 determining which of the biomolecule structures in the group produced
6 a molecular replacement solution that exceeds the background
7 correlation level by at least five standard deviations.

1 12. A method according to claim 1 wherein comparing molecular
2 replacement solutions comprises establishing a background correlation
3 level between the biomolecule structures in the group and the target
4 biomolecule based on the molecular replacement solutions and
5 determining which of the biomolecule structures in the group produced
6 a molecular replacement solution that exceeds the background
7 correlation level by at least ten standard deviations.

1 13. A method according to claim 1 wherein the group of different
2 biomolecule structures on which molecular replacement searches are
3 performed comprises at least 3 different biomolecule structures.

1 14. A method according to claim 1 wherein the group of different
2 biomolecule structures on which molecular replacement searches are
3 performed comprises at least 0.1% of the protein structures stored in
4 the Protein Data Bank.

1 15. A method according to claim 1 wherein the group of different
2 biomolecule structures on which molecular replacement searches are
3 performed comprises at least one biomolecule structure that has less
4 than 70% sequence identity with the target biomolecule.

1 16. A method according to claim 1 wherein the group of different
2 biomolecule structures on which molecular replacement searches are
3 performed comprises at least two different biomolecule structures that are
4 structurally dissimilar to each other.

1 17. A method according to claim 1 wherein the group of different
2 biomolecule structures on which molecular replacement searches are
3 performed comprises at least two different biomolecule structures that have
4 less than 70% sequence identity with each other.

1 18. A method according to claim 1 wherein the group of different
2 biomolecule structures on which molecular replacement searches are
3 performed comprises at least one predicted structure for a biomolecule.

1 19. A method according to claim 1 wherein the group of different
2 biomolecule structures on which molecular replacement searches are

3 performed comprises at least one structure where at least a portion of the
4 native structure has been removed.

1 20. A method according to claim 1 wherein the group of different
2 biomolecule structures on which molecular replacement searches are
3 performed comprises at least one structure which comprises a combination of
4 two or more structure fragments.

1 21. A method according to claim 1 wherein the data produced from
2 the comparison identifies which biomolecule structures produced
3 molecular replacement solutions that are at least among the top 35% of
4 molecular replacement solutions produced by the group.

1 22. A method according to claim 1 wherein the data produced from
2 the comparison identifies which biomolecule structures produced
3 molecular replacement solutions that are at least two standard
4 deviations better than the molecular replacement solutions produced by
5 the group.

1 23. A method according to claim 1 wherein the data produced from
2 the comparison identifies which biomolecule structures produced
3 molecular replacement solutions that are at least three standard
4 deviations better than the molecular replacement solutions produced by
5 the group.

1 24. A method according to claim 1 wherein the data produced from
2 the comparison identifies which biomolecule structures produced
3 molecular replacement solutions that are at least five standard
4 deviations better than the molecular replacement solutions produced by
5 the group.

1 25. A method according to claim 1 wherein the data produced from
2 the comparison identifies which biomolecule structures produced
3 molecular replacement solutions that are at least ten standard
4 deviations better than the molecular replacement solutions produced by
5 the group.

1 26. A method according to claim 1, further comprising employing
2 computer executable logic to select the group of different biomolecule
3 structures used to perform the multiple molecular replacement searches.

1 27. A method according to claim 26 wherein selection of the group of
2 biomolecule structures is based, at least in part, on sequence identity between
3 the biomolecule structure and the target biomolecule.

1 28. A method according to claim 26 wherein selection of the group of
2 biomolecule structures is at least partially random.

1 29. A method according to claim 26 wherein selection of the group of
2 biomolecule structures is completely random.

1 30. A method according to claim 26 wherein selection of the group of
2 biomolecule structures is iterative.

1 31. A method according to claim 26 wherein selection of members of the
2 group of biomolecule structures is performed until a biomolecule structure is
3 selected whose molecular replacement solution is at least two standard
4 deviations better than the average molecular replacement solution for the
5 biomolecule structures in the group.

1 32. A method according to claim 26 wherein selection of members of the
2 group of biomolecule structures is performed until a biomolecule structure is
3 selected whose molecular replacement solution is at least three standard
4 deviations better than the average molecular replacement solution for the
5 biomolecule structures in the group.

1 33. A method according to claim 26 wherein selection of members of the
2 group of biomolecule structures is performed until a biomolecule structure is
3 selected whose molecular replacement solution is at least five standard
4 deviations better than the average molecular replacement solution for the
5 biomolecule structures in the group.

1 34. A method according to claim 26 wherein selection of members of the
2 group of biomolecule structures is performed until a biomolecule structure is
3 selected whose molecular replacement solution is at least ten standard
4 deviations better than the average molecular replacement solution for the
5 biomolecule structures in the group.

1 35. A method according to claim 26 wherein selection of the group
2 of biomolecule structures comprises selecting at least 0.1% of the
3 structures stored in the Protein Data Bank.

1 36. A method according to claim 1 wherein selection of the group
2 of biomolecule structures comprises selecting at least one biomolecule
3 structure that has less than 70% sequence identity with the target
4 biomolecule.

1 37. A method according to claim 1 wherein selection of the group
2 of biomolecule structures comprises selecting at least two biomolecule
3 structures that are structurally dissimilar.

1 38. A method according to claim 1 wherein selection of the group
2 of biomolecule structures comprises selecting at least two biomolecule
3 structures that have less than 70% sequence identity with each other.

1 39. A method according to claim 1 wherein molecular replacement is
2 performed using a program selected from the group consisting of AMoRe,
3 BRUTE, COMO, wARP, molREP, EPMR, XPLORE, CNS, TNT, GLRF,
4 TRANSF, TF, ENVELOPE, FFSYNTH, FFTINV, FFTEXP, and RECIP.

1 40. A method according to claim 1 wherein molecular replacement is
2 performed using EPMR.

1 41. A method according to claim 1 wherein molecular replacement
2 is performed using a molecular replacement program comprising an
3 evolutionary algorithm for searching six-dimensional space.

1 42. A method according to claim 1 wherein the biomolecule is a
2 protein.

1 43. A method according to claim 1 wherein the biomolecule is a
2 DNA.

1 44. A method according to claim 1 wherein the biomolecule is a
2 RNA.

1 45. A method according to claim 1 wherein the biomolecule is a
2 complex comprising a protein.

1 46. A method according to claim 1 wherein the biomolecule is a
2 complex comprising DNA.

1 47. A method according to claim 1 wherein the biomolecule is a
2 complex comprising RNA.

1 48. A method according to claim 1 wherein the crystal data is X-ray
2 diffraction data.

1 49. A method according to claim 1 wherein the crystal data is neutron
2 diffraction crystal data.

1 50. A method according to claim 1 wherein the crystal data is nuclear
2 magnetic resonance crystal data.

1 51. A method according to claim 1 wherein the crystal data is mass
2 spectroscopy crystal data.

1 52. A computer readable medium useful in association with a
2 computer which includes a processor and a memory, the computer
3 readable medium comprising:
4 logic for performing multiple molecular replacement searches on
5 crystal data of a target biomolecule where a group of different biomolecule
6 structures are used as search models for the multiple molecular replacement
7 searches; and
8 logic for comparing solutions from the multiple molecular replacement
9 searches, the comparison producing data from which biomolecule structures
10 from the group can be identified as having superior structural identity with the

12 target biomolecule as compared to the other biomolecule structures in the
13 group.

1 53. A method for identifying a search model to use in molecular
2 replacement for determining a structure of a target biomolecule from crystal
3 data, the method comprising:
4 employing computer executable logic to perform multiple molecular
5 replacement searches on crystal data of the target biomolecule where a group
6 of different biomolecule structures are used as search models for the multiple
7 molecular replacement searches; and
8 employing computer executable logic to identify a biomolecule
9 structure from the group whose use as a search model produces a molecular
10 replacement solution that is superior to the molecular replacement solutions
11 produced by the other biomolecule structures in the group.

1 54. A computer readable medium useful in association with a
2 computer which includes a processor and a memory, the computer
3 readable medium comprising:
4 logic for performing multiple molecular replacement searches on X-ray
5 diffraction data of a target biomolecule where a group of different biomolecule
6 structures are used as search models for the multiple molecular replacement
7 searches; and
8 logic for identifying a biomolecule structure from the group whose use
9 as a search model produces a molecular replacement solution that is superior
10 to the molecular replacement solutions produced by the other biomolecule
11 structures in the group.

1 55. A method for determining a structure of a target biomolecule from
2 crystal data, the method comprising:
3 employing computer executable logic to perform multiple molecular

4 replacement searches on crystal data of the target biomolecule where a group
5 of different biomolecule structures are used as search models for the multiple
6 molecular replacement searches;

7 employing computer executable logic to identify a biomolecule
8 structure from the group whose use as a search model produces a molecular
9 replacement solution that is superior to the molecular replacement solutions
10 produced by the other biomolecule structures in the group; and

11 employing computer executable logic to determine a structure
12 for the target biomolecule employing the identified biomolecule
13 structure.

1 56. A computer readable medium useful in association with a
2 computer which includes a processor and a memory, the computer
3 readable medium comprising:

4 logic for performing multiple molecular replacement searches on
5 crystal data of a target biomolecule where a group of different biomolecule
6 structures are used as search models for the multiple molecular replacement
7 searches;

8 logic for identifying a biomolecule structure from the group whose use
9 as a search model produces a molecular replacement solution that is superior
10 to the molecular replacement solutions produced by the other biomolecule
11 structures in the group; and

12 logic for determining a structure for the target biomolecule
13 employing the identified biomolecule structure.

1 57. A method for identifying a search model to use in molecular
2 replacement for determining a structure of a target biomolecule from crystal
3 data, the method comprising:

4 (a) employing computer executable logic to perform multiple
5 molecular replacement searches on crystal data of the target

6 biomolecule using multiple different biomolecule structures as search
7 models;

8 (b) employing computer executable logic to compare the
9 resulting molecular replacement solutions in order to identify a
10 biomolecule structure whose use as a search model produces a
11 molecular replacement solution that is superior to the molecular
12 replacement solutions of other biomolecule structures upon which the
13 molecular replacement searches were performed; and

14 (c) if none of the molecular replacement solutions are
15 comparatively better, evaluating additional biomolecule structures by
16 repeating steps (a) and (b) with the additional biomolecule structures
17 until a biomolecule structure is identified which produces a molecular
18 replacement solution that is superior to the molecular replacement
19 solutions of other biomolecule structures upon which the molecular
20 replacement searches were performed.